An Academic Take on "Indigenous Traditions and Ecology"

Peter Cole, In-SHUCK-ch/N'Quatqua Nation, British Columbia & Simon Fraser University, Canada

Abstract

The form of this article/review is closer to the oral style of my Nation than standard academic format, more in the storytelling mode. The line breaks and the spaces are important as places of breathing and pivoting. The slashes come from my poetry background rather than from a post/xxx place. I see them as places where meaning can be created by the reader —morpho/sites trans/verse fault lines line breaks within or between words or sounds. I see meaning as accretive equi/poly/multi/vocal isomorphic saltatory tectonic meteoro/logical terpsichorean. Like weather. Like life.

I see genealogy epistemology and etymology as re/co/wright/ings of one another. For me language is topology topography geo/graphy. Holding up two aerial photos of a territory shot from different angles seeing the forests and ridges and plateaux rise Story is a place a time to be entered for experiencing the world via multiple/nomadic subjectivities chance operations tricksterand rhizomatic-lineations/discourses. Whorling in directions which language has not yet named which it has not yet grammar for or which cannot manifest into a languaged reality. I see the words the stories as writing me. Coming from a playwrighting and poetry back/ground, I write with the idea that my words will be read aloud by a reader/performer—thus sound and rhythm are very important for me.

Résumé

La forme de cet article/étude se rapproche davantage de la tradition orale de ma nation que de la présentation universitaire courante; elle s'apparente davantage au conte. Les fins de lignes et les espaces importent pour la respiration et le changement de perspective. Les barres obliques viennent plutôt de ma formation en poésie que d'un endroit post/xxx. Je les vois comme des endroits où le sens peut être créé par les morpho/sites du lecteur, les césures les lignes de faille à l'intérieur ou entre les mots ou les sons. Selon moi, le sens est accrétif, équi/poly/multi/vocal isomorphe saltatoire tectonique météoro/logique terpsichoréen. Comme la température. Comme la vie.

À mon avis, la généalogie, l'épistémologie et l'étymologie se ré/co/écriv/ent l'une l'autre. Pour moi le langage est topologie topographie géographie. Tenir deux photos aériennes d'un territoire saisi selon différents angles voir les forêts et les crêtes et les plateaux s'élever L'histoire est un endroit un moment à pénétrer pour faire l'expérience du monde via les subjectivités multiples/nomades des acvitités aventures d'un Filou- et des linéations/discours rhizomateuses. Tourbillonner dans des directions que le langage n'a pas encore nommées qu'il n'a pas encore grammaticalisées ou qui ne peuvent se manifester par une réalité exprimée par la langue. Les mots les histoires m'écrivent. Issu d'un milieu de dramaturges et de poètes, j'écris en imaginant mes mots lus à voix haute par un lecteur/performeur— donc le son et le rythme comptent beaucoup pour moi.

Oren Lyons speaks of having a strong "collective memory of place" he speaks about consensus the "blending of minds" "our white brothers and sisters have only been here for 5 days" and look what's happened"

he goes on

the driving force in today's world is unregulated commerce it takes place in an arena where societies aren't even in the conversation three trillion dollars exchanges hands every day including on the internet "meanwhile we're walking on the earth" Wall Street is dealing in futures all right our futures our children's futures at Cape Cod they're crying about the lack of fish but they go out every day and fish what they call resources are our brothers the economic boundary is very fuzzy these days

you look for legal economic scientific technological answers to the ills of society but you cannot see that only a moral solution can lead to a better life get the sand out of your head america you cannot deal with the problems of the world until you clean your own house "respect and you will be prosperous"

"I am a 'citizen' of Haudenosaunee not a 'member' we are a Nation not a band not a tribe when I travel it is on an Onondaga passport I say to my relations I see you carry American passports you call yourself American citizens I ask you—how can you have a treaty with yourself?""

there are 377 treaties in this country and they're all about losing land for 125 years there have been no more treaties and you talk about bringing Native Americans into the mainstream

they took the children away to the residential school in Carlyle Pennsylvania today there is a graveyard there filled with our children

your laws speak of the "right of christian lands" the "doctrine of discovery" your laws say we had only the "right of occupancy" but you don't see it is the land that occupies us we have always lived here yet in 1843 your government invoked 'manifest destiny' this is not your "promised land" nobody discovered us we were not lost we were not misplaced displaced replaced until you came in the 'africanist' agenda academese swirls and I wonder where are the voices of the common people the non-academics there is talk of "directed cultural change" "the emergent cultural " "the anatomy of world views" "reservoirs of indigenous knowledges" then at last the first sounds of earth words about earth space sky ancestors reincarnation recombinant deities the supreme being lifting the sky the earth speaking spirits pervading the umbilical cord buried in a calabash becoming land again children put into the forest singly to survive in symbiosis

UCLA Davis speaks of the sun carrying supplications to the Supreme Being of the 615 deities of "lower" and "higher" animals of offering palm oil to tree spirits the default discourse is academese

the woman in Teresia's story asks "Mr. Minister who did you represent at that conference in Europe?" "the Masai" long silence there is nothing traditional about Mr Minister he is a coconut kenyan black on the outside white on the in "God owns the land" she says "others have user rights everybody is entitled to land but you ask for permission to use it to plant you 'own' land by working on it"

who is benefitting from cash crop cultures why is there no talk of shell oil and starbucks where is the collective accountability of commercial enterprise why should globalization mean poor people in kenya go without rice because of a war in iraq she used a cup metaphor saying "culture is not given thus" she spoke of north atlantic technological culture debris comparing ideals ethics from different cultures the colonists used religion government and education to destroy indigenous ideas overnight kenyans became squatters on land they had been on for millenia now they are squashed together in a commodified system of land tenure monocultures were introduced subsistence survival became a memory the mau mau event was reported in Western papers as terrorism not as a land and freedom movement a holy war who's doing the interpreting of cultures

Pashington speaks of technologies and identities he says that technology tends to disengage us from identity ideology he speaks of the polyvalid nature of mythology how for him modern technology is qualitative consisting of the multiple timeframes and spaces that people occupy he speaks of borrowing from precolonial and the colonial emergent everything has become academized anthropologized even indigenousness the cult of white-expertise permeates who validates whom? "Nigeria has always been a subsistence market economy now thanks to the world bank it has become a bureaucratic centre indigenous people have become tenants in their own lands" white people are the toxins the toxic waste that they produce there are no ecological policies for multinational companies external values come into the village now they want radios tv's and fridges too

the visiting uoft nigerian spoke of the modification of oral tradition a diviner insists that all drink from the common cup to catch thieves and witchcraft people traditions and new technologies mix together land back home is communally owned not individually back home the first person singular is not so all important

lunch little evidence of Turtle Islanders Teresia joined us we spoke of the technologies of racism the indigenizing of nutrition of churches using wheat flour for communion not millet not corn not rice I think about the origins of hexaploid wheat not africa or australia the western hemisphere sure it occured in nature but not like this

the Pueblo man speaks of the worlds we bring with us creating spaces for dialogue he prefers to speak of 'spiritual ecology' rather than religion Look to the Mountain he says his book sometimes I cannot listen to my relations speak our language has been disemboweled by the newage movement filled with saccharine cliches all I can think about his paintings is [what is it to paint a pipe?] his talk of cultural schizophrenia and healing I wondered [why heal?] is being unwell not a natural state too the words came as from a selfhelp book "guiding myth of our emergence" "it is said..." "we have a saying among my people" "life is an interdependent whole" "we must preserve at all costs" I baulk to hear him call food 'a resource' "we're all kernels of the same corn cob" "elders are repositories of culture tradition and languages then come the slides of children and elders my mind retro/spectates edits in and out of the presented images of course all the kids in the clips are cute as black and white beans he turned down a dartmouth scholarship to work with his own people not knowing if there would be anything left when he returned he never went

Donna is from the Dineh Nation she calls harmony a way of being she speaks of the difficulties of dualism—chaos and order "I am not me without you you are not you without me" she speaks of no ego or beyond ego she speaks of a tree with the name of its pollinator embedded in it she speaks of maintaining her values her ethics using trees in publishing closer to home she says institutions are moving in opposite directions to sustainability [I think to myself 'beware of dualism']

2:21 pm she asks why it isn't working
snow slides off the south side of the roof like thunder
"there's your answer" an avalanche of laughter
"so what's one more book that's just going to just sit in the library
with the other books?"
2:24 pm more snow falls in a great roar from the north side
more laughter quickly subsides when she speaks of economic racism
the omni-presence of toxic dumpsites on Native land
we know the sensitive areas we know about conserving
we know too about the harvesting of information
the sharing of information with others working on PhD dissertations
who then leave to never return
"all of you are indigenous" she motions
showing a picture of a water molecule
the snow stops sliding listens

Ines who is Apache says language is the most important though it might not save us from technology "Americans are concretizing our mother and at the same time downsizing getting rid of more people getting more technology" then she talks about the deadwood in academia not engaged in teaching or in publishing their work she speaks of having enough of a struggle without having to help others 3:04 pm snow rumbles off the roof again from the north "it provides a sense of place burying the umbilical cord back home" she speaks of"the common good" then about the Lacota idea of the camp circle about mutual respect and multi-media "who are the Native people here?" she asks nobody looks around because they know she speaks of the sacred white mountain of winnowing four times the cattail pollen "the beautiful beautiful shimmering substance" she speaks of ritual transformation of "person into holy being and back to person" she then falls into psych-talk then goes back to calling her people "consultants" rather than "informants" she criticizes anthropologists for asking questions and not even listening to the answers she criticizes the taking of photographs you can see a lot of people think about the man who is a member of the conference organizing committee who is constantly taking pictures without asking a smile on his face like he's doing everyone a favour she goes on about "every Native American scholar in America is a walking miracle when you consider what we've had to go through" she talks about "initiation into adulthood" "how to be human beings" then the emotion comes with "there are so many violations against the spirit world" you can feel the shivers when she says "imagine crawling up next to an Indian woman at night to keep warm it's beyond worrying about your career" then she goes on about savagism christianity manifest destiny western expansion "unpack those concepts" she says and in speaking of clearcutting the forests "that should make your heart ache" in the end she reads a poem by laurence ferlinghetti A Buddha in the Woodpile which seems appropriate and tact ful sort of oh wonderful! another all male panel indigenous Indian men (the real ones columbus was looking for) and a Nepali for such a small group they take up a lot of space especially during question period one speaks of his people's full flowing and the growing intolerance to pluralism the devaluing of the sacred the anthropologist who is moderator speaks longer than anyone Pradip manages to get words in edge/wise "you belong to the land the land does not belong to you" "ecological understanding is not rooted in the intellect but in the desire to understand the process of life" he speaks of the need to create a space that protects the national interest. the need to create define and expand that space he speaks of the disjuncture between power and knowledge

he says that anthropologists are now doing what his father was doing

he speaks of the relation with one another through ecology

of having an ecologically specific identity

he speaks of "the semiotic expansion of capital" about putting the preconditions on the table too he says that one religion claiming to be superior to the others is where the dialogue stops "civilizational envisioning" the white anthroplogist quotes Marlene Dietrich in Shanghai Express "Welcome to Asia..." he goes on about the politics of language about organizing translocally the euphemism he uses for 'anthropologists' is "scholars of other cultures" nobody is fooled

the government is damming the Narmada River giving in to 'development' he speaks of defining indigenous people there are 70 million in South Asia and the government of India says there are no indigenous people in South East Asia there is talk of the white grammar of conquest of translation and conversion of the politic/s of translation suddenly someone starts talking about the riverland as a repository for past events "the supernatural"

Panang says if this is your land where are your fathers' holes for honey? if this is your land, why do you keep asking us the names of the rivers? he goes on about "mythological significance" 'who is we?' 'who is the we who ascribes?' I can only think about how racist the word 'myth' is where it came from its lingering

the man from Sarawak from the forests of Borneo is humble respectful there is not much belief (re:) moon and stars but birds flying left to right is maybe a bad omen you have to align yourself with the power of the gods through the eagle certain trees where the spirits are living certain pools in the river places of the wild boar the dark places of the river fallen trees these are important others come and destroy these areas we have great respect for animals and are not allowed to make fun of animals we do not waste food a rice kernel floating in river is asked by an insect why it is crying it responds because the family threw me away they don't want me now people align with the power that felled the trees with bulldozers we invited visitors into our area treated them as equals now they have the power of the government behind them and missionaries we feel like fish on land if people break into your home you have to defend it yourself it is our house and we know it intimately if we can respect the place of our origin and respect the houses of others when we visit

the white anthropologist from McMaster U speaks of the encapsulating society the man from Kahzakhstan speaks of huge energy and mineral deposits of ecological devastation of 90 years of sovietization he speaks of the influx of non-indigenous populations the shooting of antelope with submachine guns for Chinese medicines so old men can get it up it up I never knew an impersonal pronoun and pre/sup/position could destroy so much animals fish stones plants air water

a white man with a lot of respect about him speaks of the North Atlantic mind someone else speaks of cartographizing via the written word

Mr Kaplan who with his colleagues bankrolled this whole series of conferences on religion and ecology speaks of the industrial-science community of weather and nature prediction and control of moving ideas he speaks with passion and great respect without notes

one white woman said for those present who were not to have papers published in the proceedings of the conference to not ask questions except in private because of the book/publication nature of this whole thing because it was being transcribed from the audio/ and video/tapes many are traumatized at this there is almost a mass exodus of FN people

Javier speaks in Mayan and Spanish and English of meanings beyond Western rationality of agriculture and the supernatural of myth of reading nature of singing praying planting of singing to the corn his brothers and sisters "we know how to read the iconography of nature when the news hasn't arrived yet" Javier speaks of mulch and wheat and corn inter-rowed

there is talk of this conference as a "feast of information" Garcia speaks of the calabash the gourd the logogram he tells us about the word for turtle and about homophones and toponyms a gourd-vase-dimpled boat guilded tobacco gourds cities shaped like gourds he speaks of glosses and hiding inside a barrel cactus with the head sticking out of looking for a new place together Victor is Mayan an academic he speaks of ritual in daily life so begins many sentences with "I argue that..." he discusses the Popol Vuh and its relationship to Judeo-Christian testimonies he speaks of the umbilical cord between earth and sky the blue bowl (inverted cupola) green gourd of earth he speaks of creating guardians "we must understand respect have compassion for all animals and food and stories" the man from Guatemala says "you should never urinate into the water..." you will be searching everywhere for little drops of urine forever he spoke of contamination and pollution stories for children their roles and responsibilities he spoke of the value of powerful teaching of the supernatural domain of the interconnection of all things "these should be inculcated at early age in our culture the mother in the field talks to her child from the first moment (of pregnancy)" he speaks of the mountain as mother as sacred he speaks of water and mountain

the political refugee from Victoria Mutang is very humble as he speaks of deities always being with us he speaks of collecting plants on certain days at certain times you have to ask permission first

one woman speaks about those on the outside having to decolonize themselves because of anthropologists the man from Nicaragua is here speaking even though his son just died a few days ago he has a great spirit he came to share the First Nations man with the phd who teaches in california who translates for him he doesn't want anybody to talk for him he says Mayan priests are not witch-doctors one of the africans asks about ritual and efficacy in pharmacopoeia the response is that before collecting plants they present themselves to you. the potency is different in the same herbs you have to be part of it for it to work you do not just pick them

the moderator speaks of loren miller as persona non grata as Amazonia's enemy about the hallucinogens patented by him we are not the antlers of these indigenous people we are their employees how do you manage a forest certainly not with the imperative mood he speaks of politically usable belief systems in Nicaragua the government affirms the rights of indigenous peoples but they are non-entitled to lands that go to the state another white man speaks of the Awas Tingni the korean owned plywood factory the logging firm he speaks of conflict management devices of which using the GPS satellite system is one it costs \$100 and can pick up satellites and GIS mapping system software can locate precisely in any geography he says it's Indians vs loggers in Nicaragua

Julio says the mellifluous words in Spanish Frederique makes poetry of them in English he says the stars are alive they are persons and plants are companions he was trained in systems theory and was the co-ordinator of a very large team in a small village in Peru for three years he learned about the practices of these farmers there is no room for feelings in science for agricultural feelings he spoke of chakra an Indian crop about corn and kinua growing together many varieties there is also a mixture of potatoes diversity is essential to the continuation of life in Andes because of weather in the Andes we work in community farmers converse with plants and stars with the Pleiades "we converse with plants and animals and all that is in nature. there is a ritual for every agricultural task there is always asking permission making offerings we put in our hat the flower of the potato so we can be like our sister the potato we paint our faces white we dance rather than pray there is a combative state between the Shining Path terrorists and the high pastureland of Andean agriculture but we go on in that great mixture of grasses the llamas our sisters carry bells on their necks to call on the spirit of food for without spirit corn does not nourish the llamas they are on loan from Apu the mountain one our vision of cosmos does not go through the market we have ceremonial sites where the path of sun comes to the four corners the four seasons at the equinox the sun rises at its very entrance we burn our offerings rather than bury them always we ask permission of the mountains I was blinded by practices of science for many years 23 years as a a plant geneticist the modern way is unique in not respecting nature the religion of modernity is science and it is the market" what could be more beautiful than these two people one speaking Spanish the other English both speaking from a world of spirit

Nelly A J from Venezuala is an anthropologist she speaks of demarcating the land speaks of branches of the tree of life caught in heaven with the fruit as heavy as stones she speaks not of national indigenous organizations but local ones where agreements are made where they threw out sacred narratives which were not indigenous to that village hearsay the question forms of who has the right/maturity to undertake the accumulating of religious knowledge orthodoxifying now over five consecutive decades the people haven't allowed the presence of evangelical religions when originally it was one of the most assimilated areas forty to fifty years ago the talk goes to the right to ancestral land after the public speaking the quiet/unparticipating indigenous people speak up complain she spoke seven hours with church officials with a priest and a missionary but they were unwilling to see accede concede she said spirituality is most important Donna says most groups can't afford to hire anthropologists etc. and who would want to? [the technology we need is to learn about the topology topography of legal loopholes] "we're supposed to be happy just to get territory" Nelly spoke of the court not being a traditional tool like guerillaism

talk went to genetic campesinos and roads through the forest footpaths during political blockages there was sharing but it was called 'smuggling' because the enemies of the state get harnessed with all the bad verbs the geneticist says the peasants share everything he said don't compare a way of being in the world a way of life with others when you start to compare is where you run into trouble.

he said the standard in the recent past was western ways the western point of view he spoke entirely in Spanish very aggressively he said that in Peru to say 'peasant' is to say indigenous it does not have a pejorative connotation Lima has denied the presence of indigenous people in it. they are invisible to officialdom

Teresia then went on about spheres of missionary influence in Kenya then the Maori man stood up and spoke his language then continued on in a very western way about the metaphysics of philosophy and culture he spoke of corn in New Zealand of his country's isolation 12 hours to Singapore nonstop or LA he spoke of his people travelling the Pacific for thousands of years

An Academic Take on "Indigenous Traditions and Ecology"

"for many cultures the ocean is an impediment for us the sea is not a problem the Pacific is our backyard" travelling by canoe is very important even today, in his language 747 and canoe share the same word he says that Maori religious thought does not begin in New Zealand it is in the Cook Islands in atols he spoke of tidal waves saying that his name is 'tree' (of a particular sort) using western academic discourse he says it's in nature that we find all the answers to the philosophical questions he speaks of his gods of Io Matua Kore who has no appearance saying there are many names for one god father sky mother earth we don't need scientists to tell us about these ones one of his stories was about kids conspiring against parents with one child separating parents from eternal (nonstop) intercourse "if there had been a psychologist present s/he would have said keep the parents together" all his sacred genealogies go back to children of two gods koru of ethics ethics of te ao moroma wholeness cosmos like a spiral he speaks (with graphics) of hurihuri change and tradition wairuatanga spirituality Maori life essences and creation tapu being potentiality and sacredness mana power authority and common good hau spiritual source of obligatory reciprocity in relationships and economics the ethic of whanau or the extended family as the foundation of society "biologists, architects, engineers, lawyers, can't understand this kind of stuff" now we have bicultural courts because the court forgot how to think like this

the two Christians speak

one indigenous the other an anthropologist from Melanesia they speak of traditional environmental knowledge acoustemology we opt to go to harvard square for lunch

Nick the California indigen is slow and respectful while the australian anthropologist speaks patrony "thank you for your ceremony this morning I'm already drawing strength from it." constantly we are reminded of those larded with phd's in anthropology speaking with author/ity expert/ese

now the First Peoples of Australia will speak until very recently there was virtually nothing in the literature about Aboriginal women only the written word was privileged "our laws and traditions were called hearsay evidence oral cultures were scorned and derided" Tom speaks of the need to break sacred law relating oral traditions in court in order to save their land confidentiality was not promised the newage movement has appropriated everything for the sake of healing and selling whatever people will buy Tom speaks of standing with people in their fights against dizzy pocahontas movies which do real harm caricaturing First Nations people what is it but blatant racism? Tom begins by saying "I give you all my respect we are all brothers and sisters all belonging to the land" he had a vision of the camp in 1985 that he and Ellen have in the south "we see and feel the land as our own body it is like our body and named after its parts it is like our mother it cools warms feeds comforts it will always be our land and we must protect it the umbilical cord the navel the stomach miwi these tell us a person is good or bad a woman being followed by someone with wrong ideas feels it down there the power is in the stomach not the heart not the brain in the 1820s european sealers and whalers brought smallpox to Australia they poisoned our people and used them for sexual purposes enslaved them the people thought all bad things that had already been happening might stop if they listened to the newcomers"

all the while Ellen worked on her basket "we were forced to stop speaking our language made to live in missions in towns religion was forced on us our sacred sites were desecrated women's secret knowings were put in trust into an envelope there is women's business and there is men's business the women's business was violated by the state a male minister opened the envelope in parliament got an Aboriginal man drunk had him tell lies that were put into a newspaper the racist commission had no evidence to support its claims except by dissident women (who knew nothing) end of political picnic the politicians said we have been conspiring with environmentalists reading their books"

Ellen brought material from her land to help her speak it is a meditation there are many problems collecting materials for weaving there is pollution pesticides water drainage is poor the welfare department took our children away if they didn't go to school beginning 16 years ago we began to learn from our elders

Tom said in front of three score (of same) "we tell anthropologists something just to get rid of them" he goes on to speak about the lack of authenticity in that profession nor has he kind words for religious studies and linguistics "between us we have six children" the generations must continue

after greeting the assembly in Tl'atl'imx wishing happiness and prosperity I mention the preceding conferences on shinto buddhism confucianism I say 'there are anthropologists in my village today digging up the bones of my ancestors taking pictures videos I only hope that in the three upcoming conferences on christianity judaism and islam there will be an equal percentage of anthropologists as speakers as there are here' that would be about fifty percent equal amount/s of applause and silence re/sounds

the organizers then promise to include the oral discussions in the upcoming conference publications thirty-seven hours of tape to transcribe wouldn't you know it it was mostly the First Nations people who spoke without paper or notes

the brahmin in the burgundy turtleneck said he would be happy to reduce the number of pages he contributes so oral discussion can be transcribed into the proceedings

the key that winds the conference slows in its turning there is an exchange of numbers and addresses promises of future coming together and the people drift away like memories.

Notes on Contributor

Peter Cole is a member of the In-SHUCK-ch/N'Quatqua Nation of British Columbia and is a doctoral candidate at Simon Fraser University in Curriculum Theory and Implementation in the Faculty of Education. Peter has spent many years in theatre: acting, directing, writing, etc. He is currently living in upstate New York and teaching at a university in New Jersey. He is anxious to return home and complete his dissertation on First Nations knowings as legitimate discourse in education.